

Tailoring the band structure of twisted double bilayer graphene with pressure

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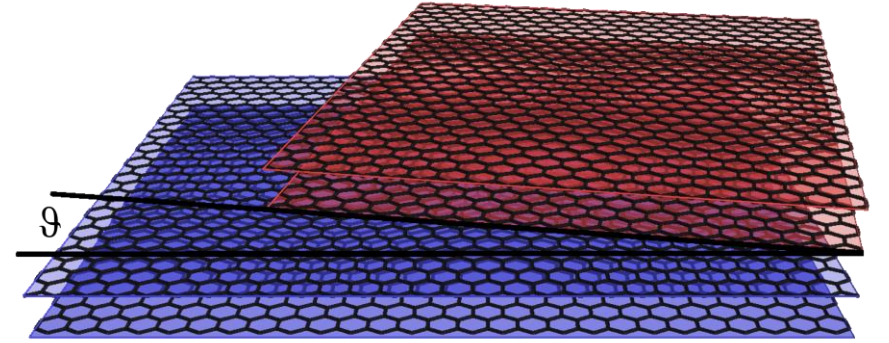


Nano Letters , 21, 20, 8777-8784
doi: 10.1021/acs.nanolett.1c03066

Motivation

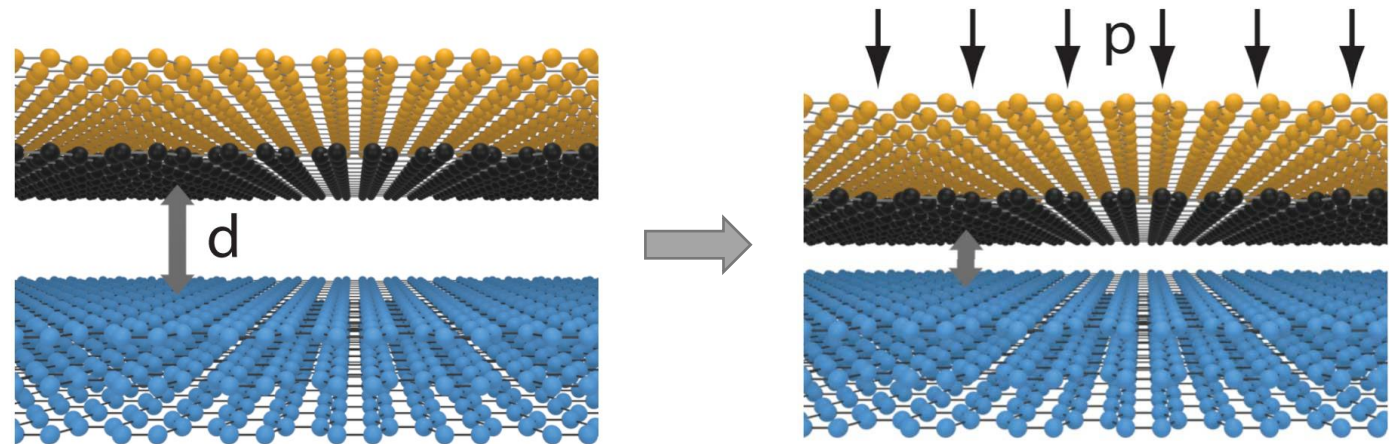
Twisted double bilayer graphene

- Highly tunable system:
 - Electron density
 - Electric field
 - Twist angle
 - **Pressure**



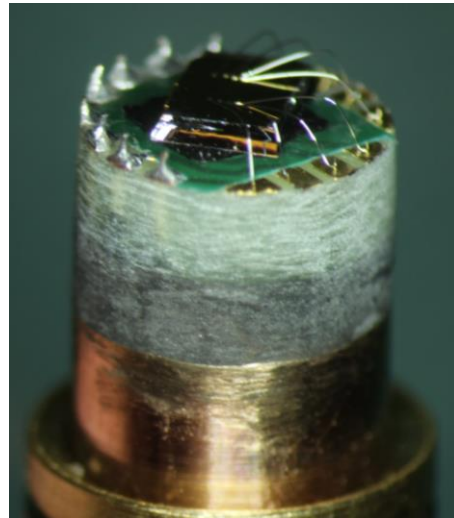
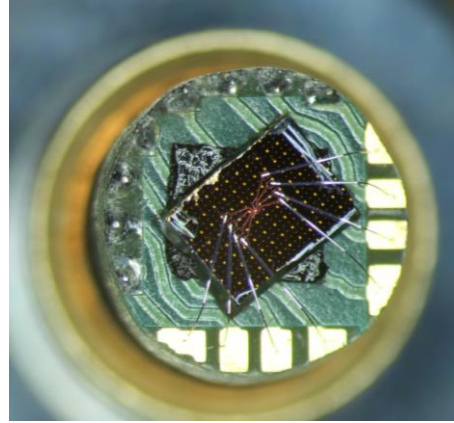
Pressure

- Tunes the interlayer distance
- Enhance the coupling strength between the layers



Pressure cell

- Unique set-up
- Piston-cylinder hydrostatic pressure cell
- Can press nanodevices
- It doesn't need any special sample preparation.



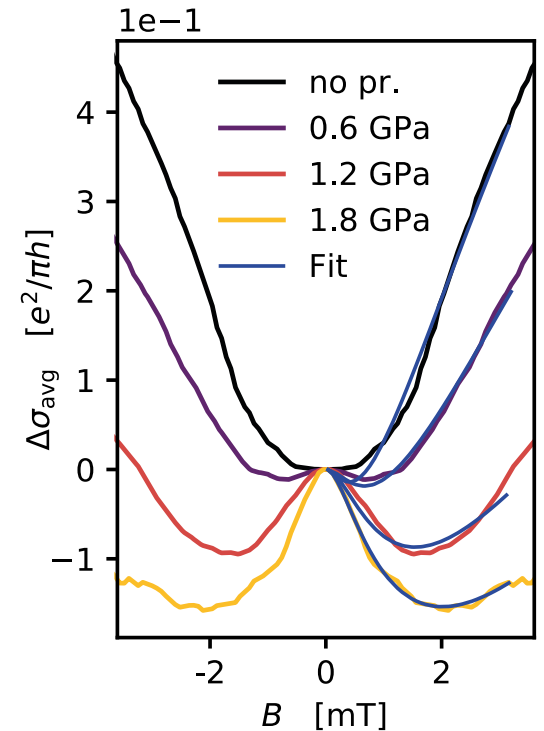
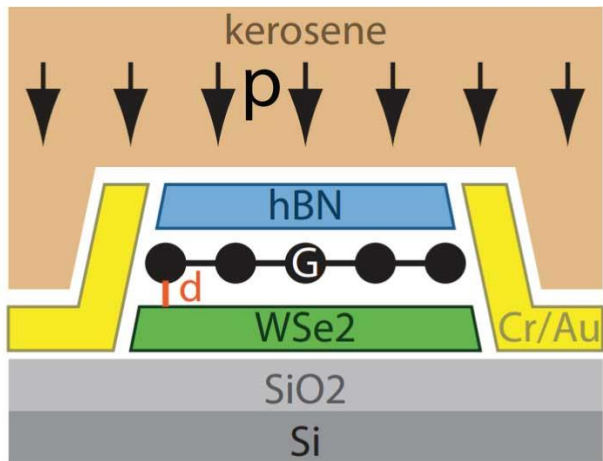
B. Fülöp *et al.*, *J. Appl. Phys.* 130 (2021)

Tuning the interlayer coupling

Demonstration

- The effect of weak localization can be used to measure the proximity SOC strength
- Weak anti-localization signal increases with pressure

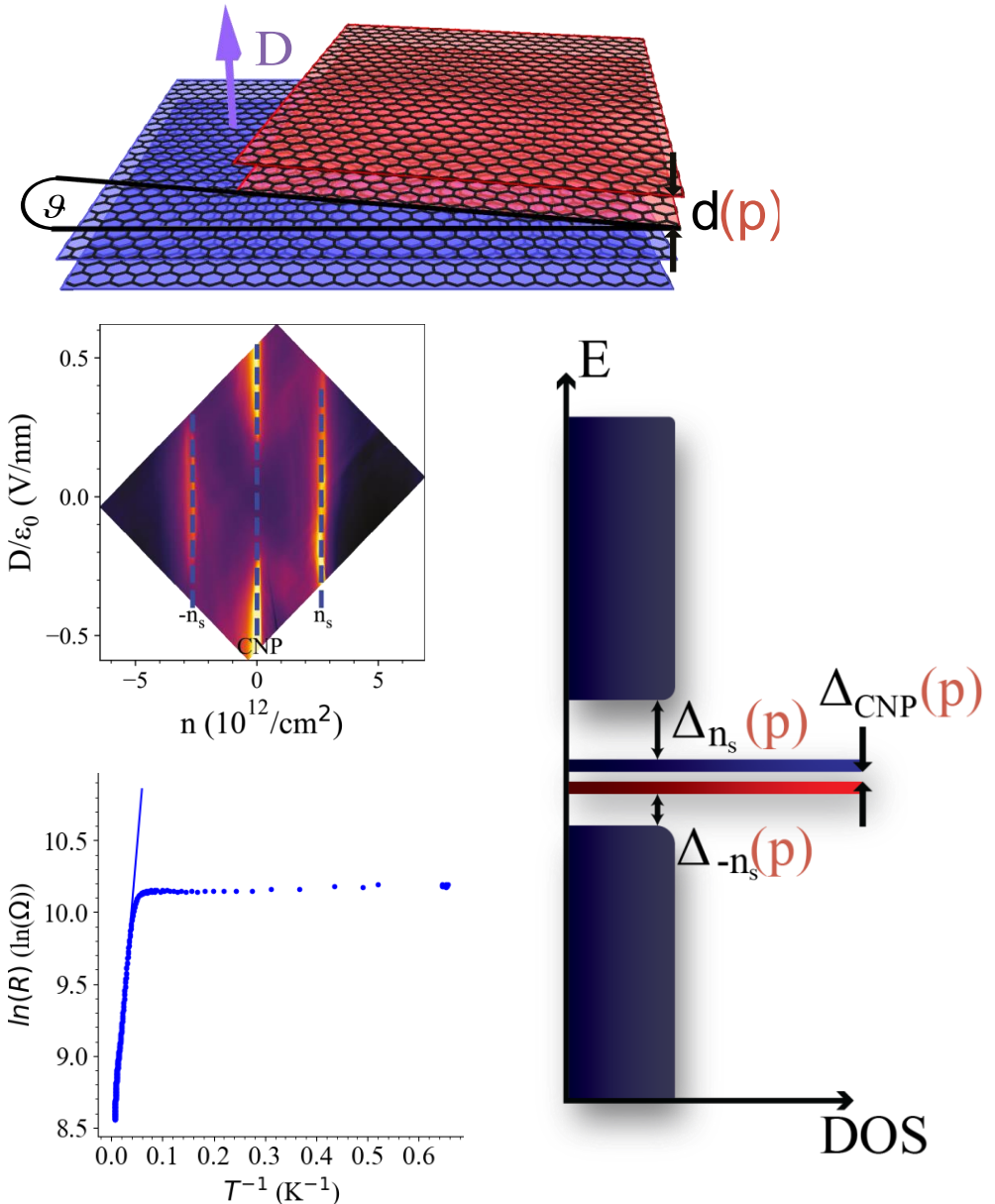
SOC strength increases with pressure



B. Fülöp *et al.* *npj 2D Mater Appl* **5**, 82 (2021)

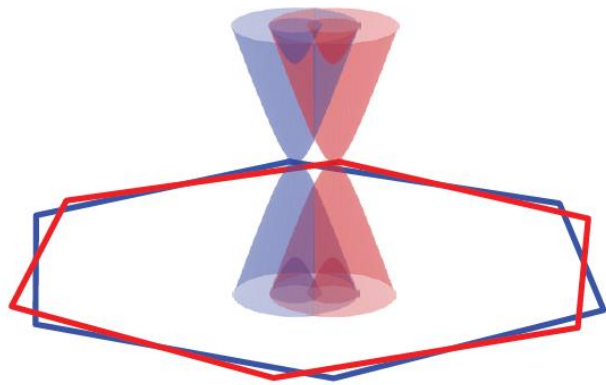
Outline

- Twisted double bilayer graphene
- Transport measurements
- Thermal activation measurements

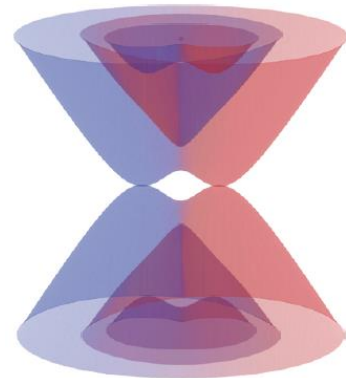


Twisted double bilayer graphene

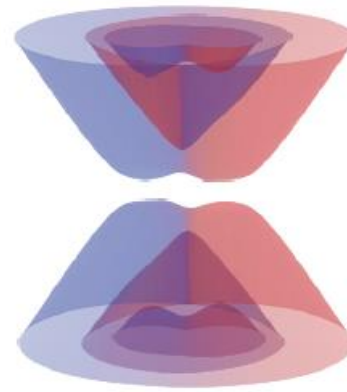
- Small rotation angle (1.07°) between the BLGs
- Hybridization leads to formation of avoided crossings and formation of flat bands
- Displacement field also tunes the spectrum



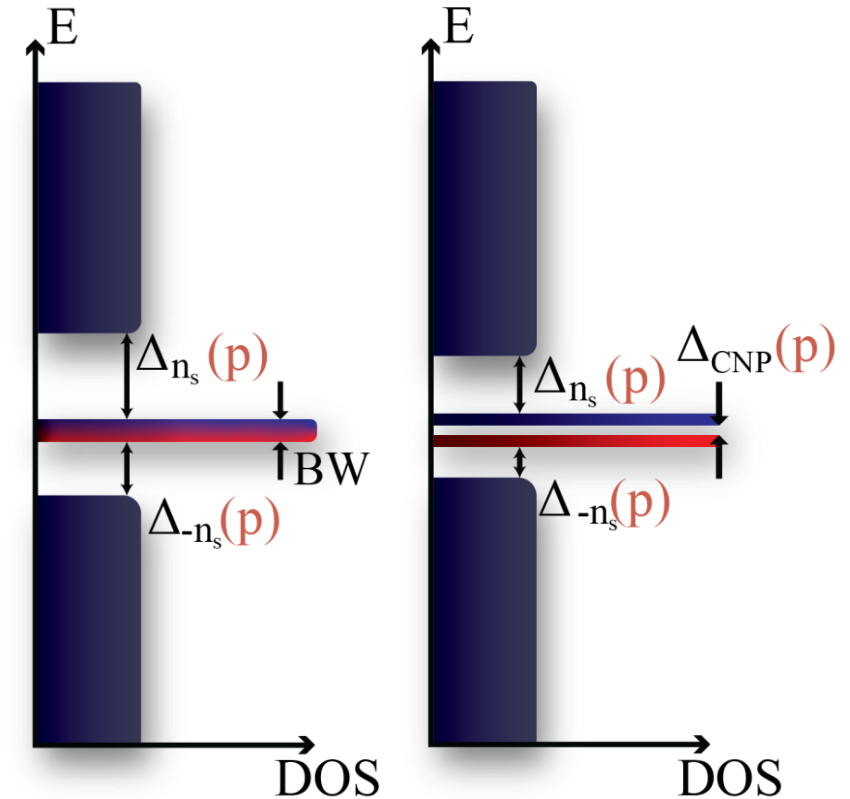
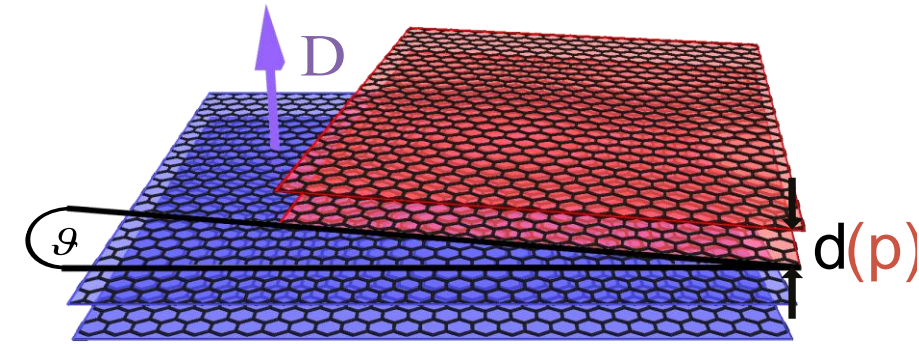
$$\omega = 0$$
$$D = 0$$



$$\omega \neq 0$$
$$D = 0$$



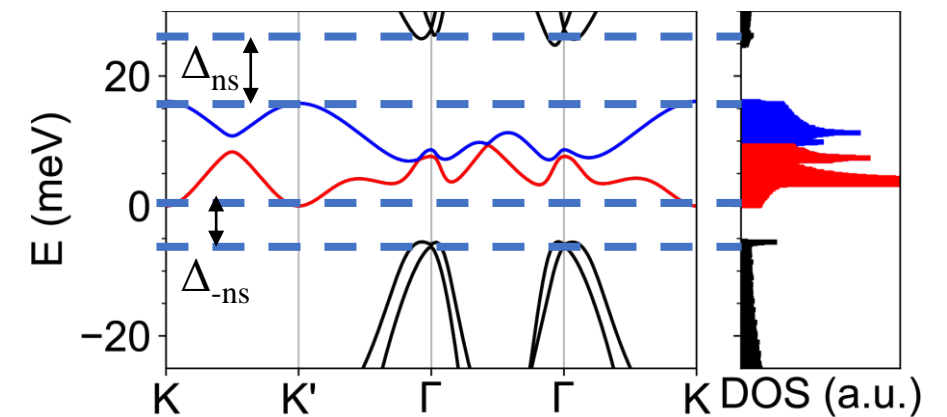
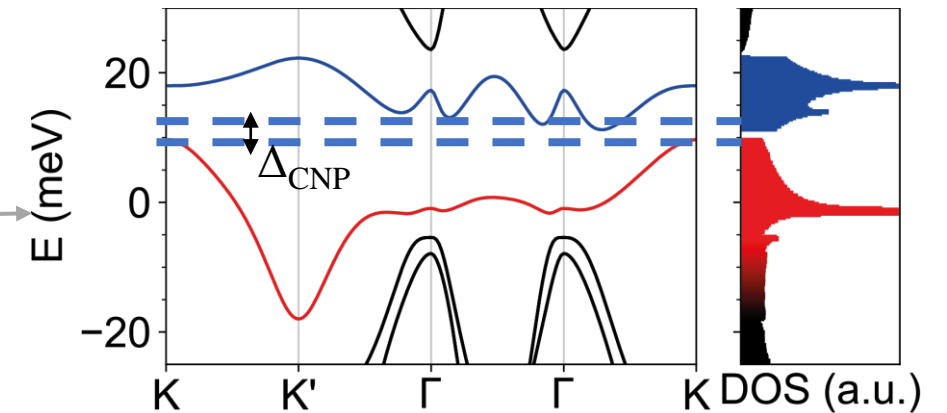
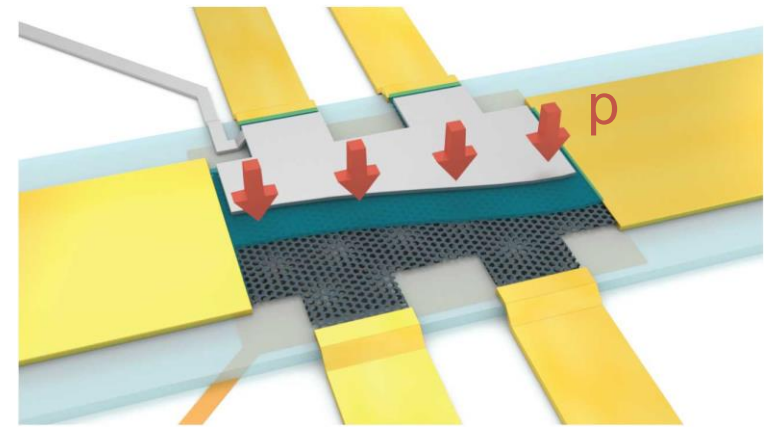
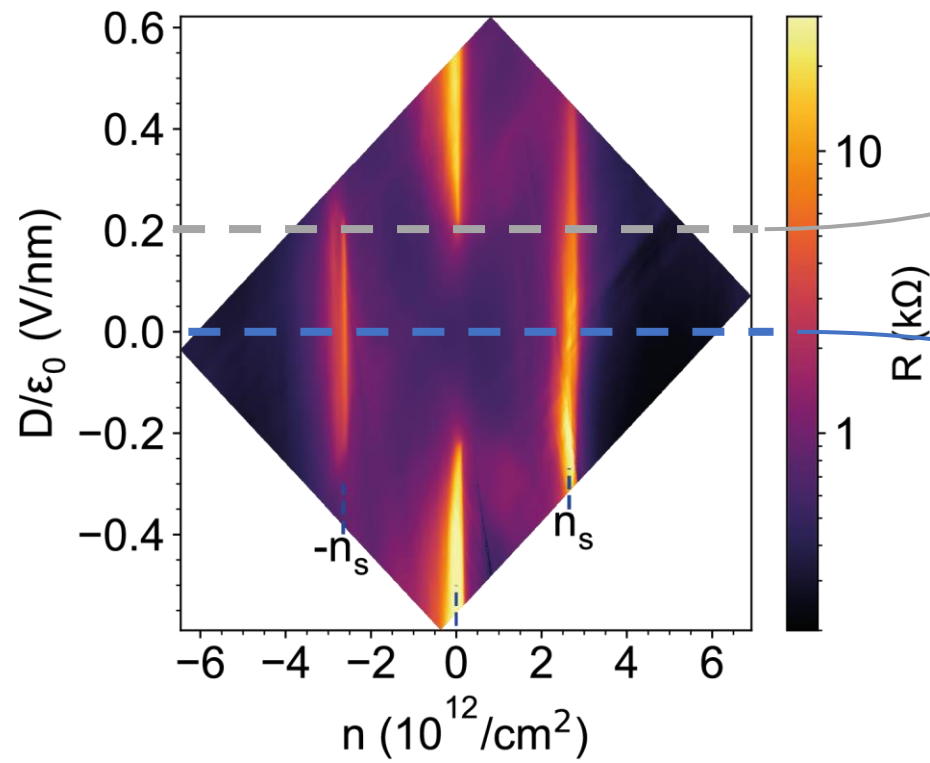
$$\omega \neq 0$$
$$D \neq 0$$



Twisted double bilayer graphene

Transport measurements

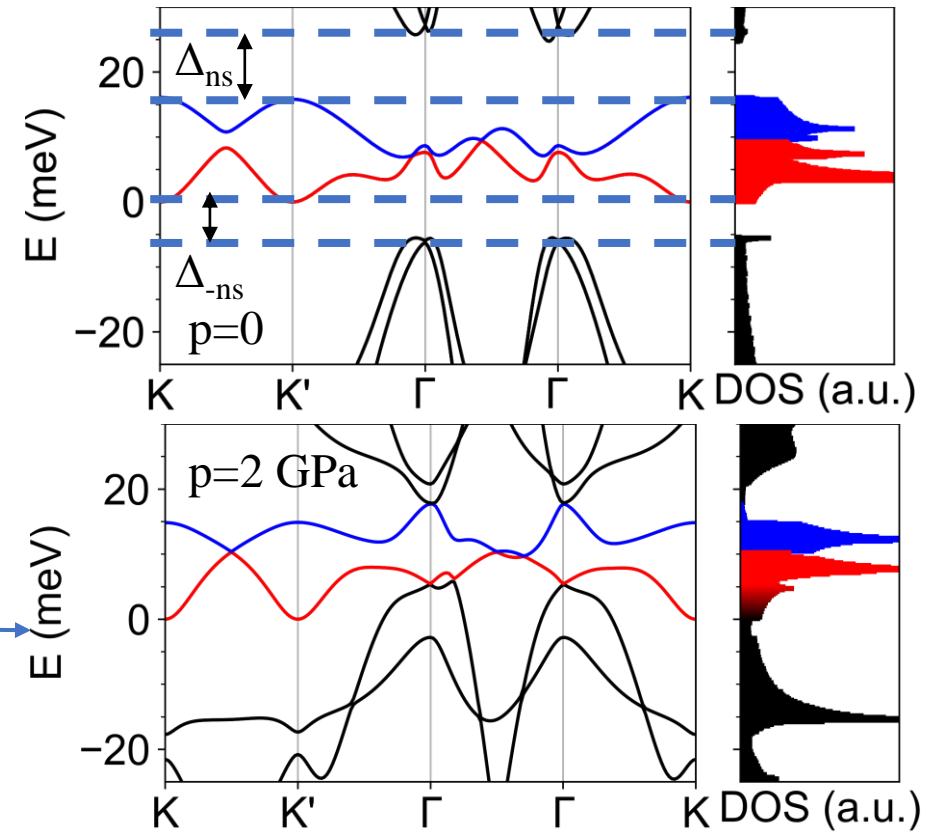
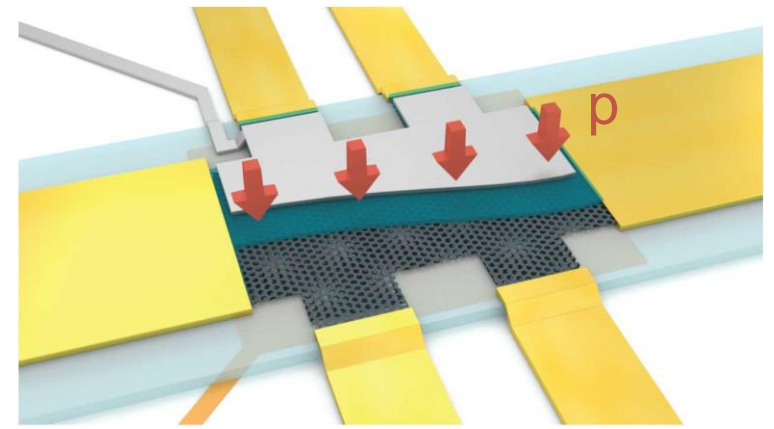
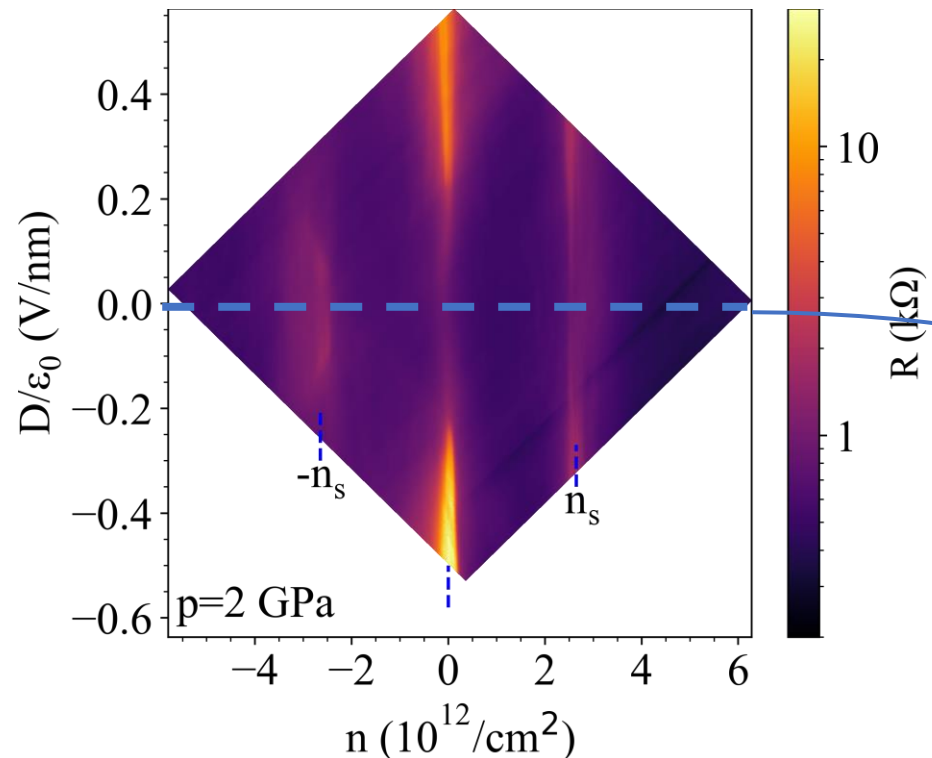
- Dual gated structure to tune n and D separately
- D opens a gap at the CNP



Twisted double bilayer graphene

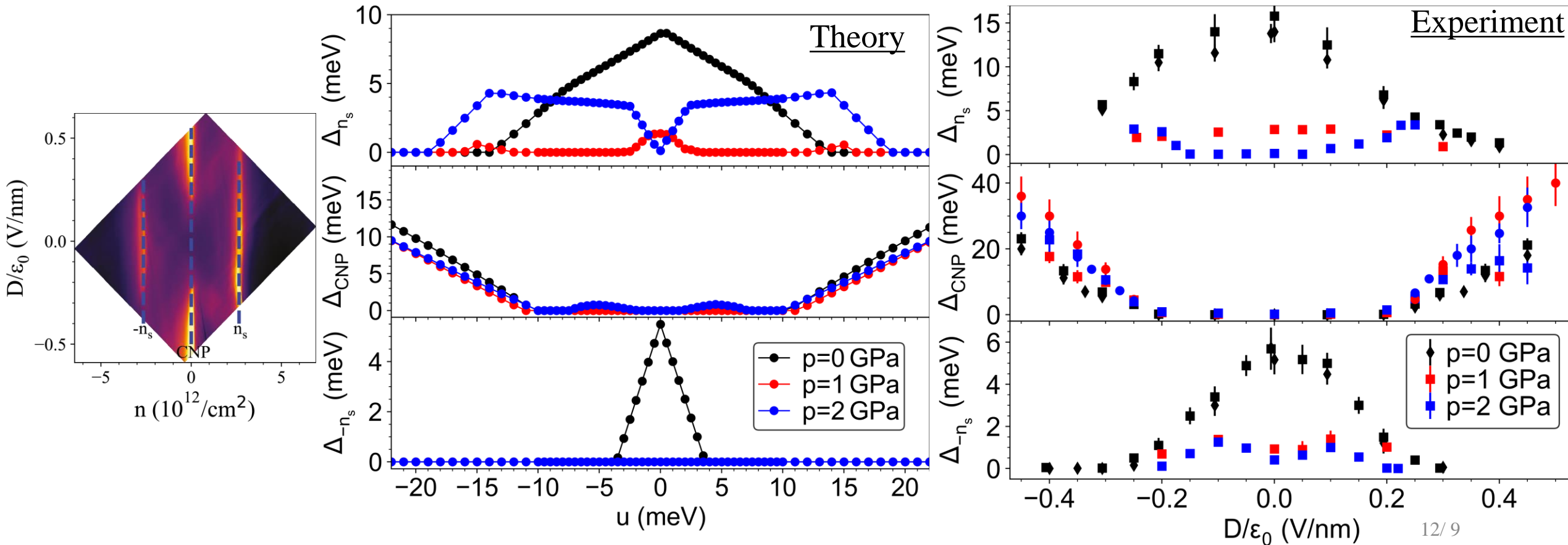
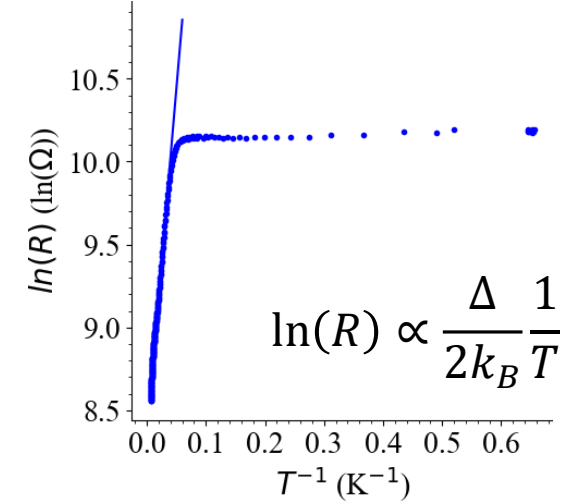
Transport measurements

- Dual gated structure to tune n and D separately
- D opens a gap at the CNP
- Pressure decreases the moiré gaps



Thermal activation measurements

- Gap values can be determined from thermal activation measurements
- Gaps can be fully closed with pressure



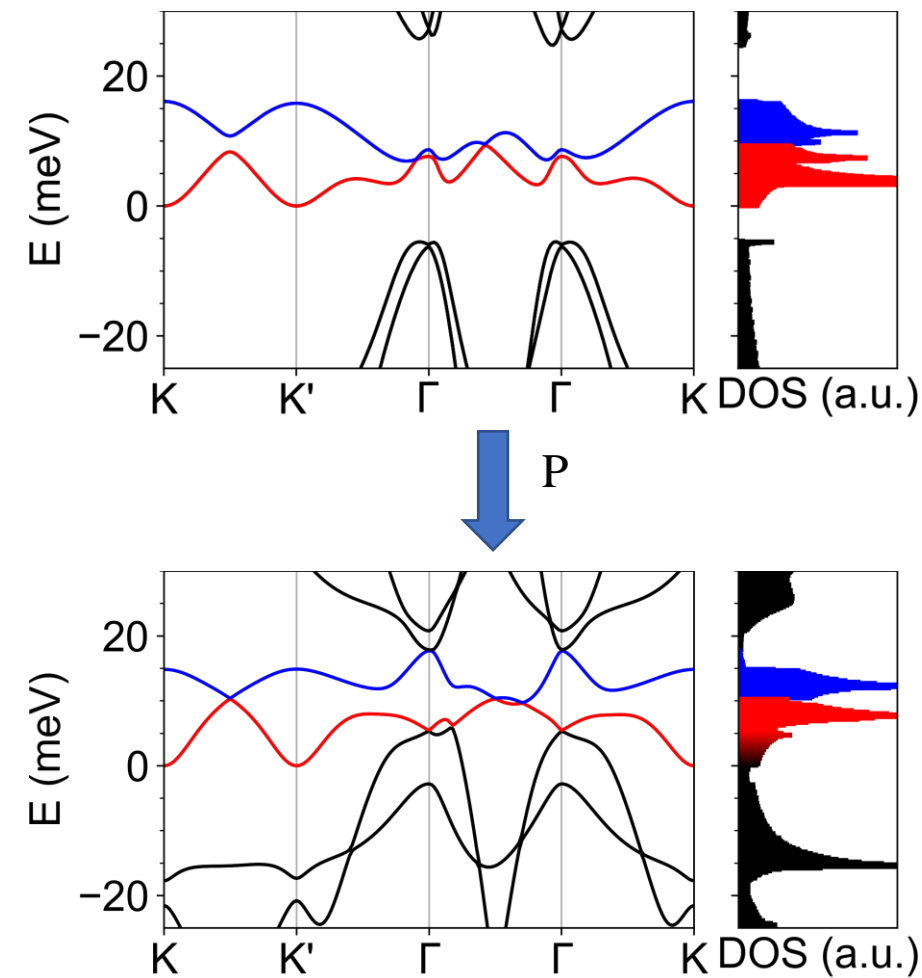
Summary

TDBG is very sensitive to pressure

- Single-particle moiré gaps can be fully closed
- Even a simple model could be used to predict the behavior of pressure at certain twist angles

Pressure cell could be used to study twisted structures

- Universal sample holder
- Open to collaborate to study new twisted structures



Acknowledgement



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Folkert K. de Vries



SOC project in
collaboration with:



Christian Schönenberger, Simon Zihlmann

ETH zürich

QNL Quantum Information
National Laboratory
HUNGARY



FLAG-ERA



HUNQUTECH



NATIONAL RESEARCH, DEVELOPMENT
AND INNOVATION OFFICE

HUNGARY

Lendület
program

The background of the slide is a dense, repeating pattern of small hexagons. Each hexagon is composed of a red outline and a blue outline, creating a complex, interlocking geometric design. In the center of the slide, there is a large, white, horizontally-oriented oval. Inside this oval, the text "Thank you for your attention!" is written in a black, serif font. The text is centered both horizontally and vertically within the oval.

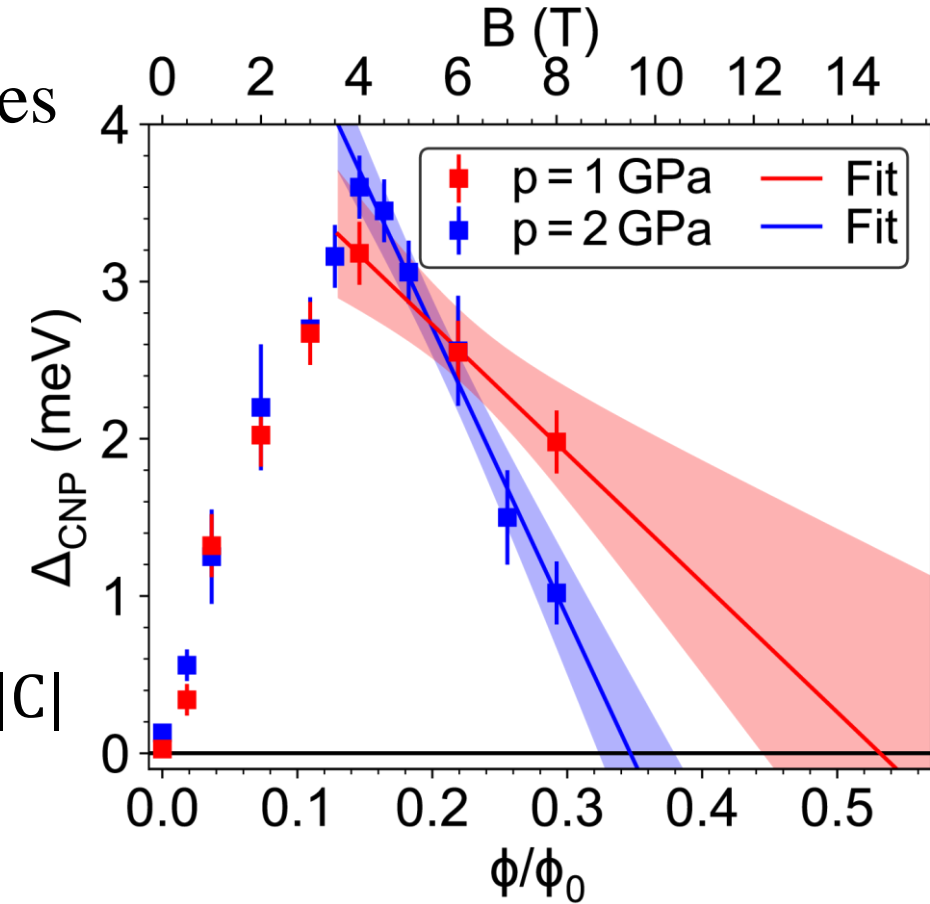
Thank you
for your attention!

Zero n & D magnetic field dependence

- At $n=0$, $D=0$ a gap opens with B , which decreases by further increasing B

- Close at different Φ/Φ_0 at different pressures
 1. For a Chern-insulator \rightarrow gap closes at $\Phi/\Phi_0 = 1/|C|$
 2. Decrease of the correlation \longleftarrow

Burg et al., arXiv 2006.14000 (2020)



Decrease of the correlation

Correlated insulator state at half filling at finite D:

- Spin polarized
- No sign of it at $p = 2$ GPa

